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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/840,841	04/24/2001	Hikaru Ishii	6176	· 5687
7590 10/12/2004		EXAMINER		
Samuels, Gauthier & Stevens LLP			KALINOWSKI, ALEXANDER G	
Suite 3300 225 Franklin St	reet .		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Boston, MA 0	2110		3626	
			DATE MAILED: 10/12/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	0			
	09/840,841	ISHII, HIKARU	10			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alexander Kalinowski	3626				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	lress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timely the mailing date of this co				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 Ag	oril 2001.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the c		• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcting 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.			• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	have been received. have been received in Application ty documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National S	Stage			
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary ((PTO-413)				
2)	Paper No(s)/Mail Dai 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

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1. Claims 1-7 are presented for examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The basis of this rejection is set forth in a two-prong test of:

- (1) whether the invention is within the technological arts; and
- (2) whether the invention produces a useful, concrete, and tangible result.

For a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must be within the technological arts. Mere ideas in the abstract (i.e., abstract idea, law of nature, natural phenomena) that do not apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts fail to promote the "progress of science and the useful arts" (i.e., the physical sciences as opposed to social sciences, for example) and therefore are found to be non-statutory subject matter. For a process claim to pass muster, the recited process must somehow apply, involve, use, or advance the technological arts.

In the present case, the instant claims fail to recite the use of any type of technology (e.g. computer system) within the recited steps of the claimed method of managing insurance information. The recited steps constitute an idea on how to manage personal medical information and accessing the information by an insurer.

Mere intended or nominal use of a component, albeit within the technological arts, does not confer statutory subject matter to an otherwise abstract idea if the component does not apply, involve, use, or advance the underlying process.

Additionally, for a claimed invention to be statutory, the claimed invention must produce a useful, concrete, and tangible result. In the present case the claimed method recites steps for managing insurance information.

Although the claimed invention produces a useful, concrete and tangible result, since the claimed invention as a whole is not within the technological arts, as explained above, claims 1-7 are deemed to be directed to non statutory subject matter. The Examiner suggests that Applicant add language to the body of the independent claims indicating that at least some of the steps are carried out by the use of technology.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1 and 3-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Joao, Pat. No. 6,283,761.

As to claim 1, Joao discloses A medical insurance system for paying prescribed benefits for medical treatment of sickness or bodily injury comprising:

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a database in which an insurer stores personal medical data about the health of an individual (Fig. 1 and Fig. 2); wherein

disclosure of preexisting conditions is regarded as being completed when said personal medical data of the individual is stored in said database (col. 5, line 60 – col. 6, line 4).

As to claim 3, Joao discloses A medical insurance system according to claim 1, wherein said medical data is received from a database of a medical facility at which the individual has received a diagnosis or a physical examination (Fig. 2).

As to claim 4, Joao discloses A medical insurance system according to claim 3, wherein said medical data stored in the database of said medical facility is accessible to an insurer (Fig. 1).

As to claim 5, Joao discloses A medical insurance system according to claim 3, wherein said medical data stored in the database of said medical facility is delivered to a database of the insurer through a network (Fig. 1).

As to claim 6, Joao discloses A medical insurance system according to any one of claim 3, wherein the medical data stored in the database of said medical facility is can be accessed by another medical facility through a network (col. 13, lines 52-65).

As to claim 7, Joao discloses A medical insurance system according to claim 3, wherein the medical data stored in the database of said medical facility can be stored in a portable health data system (col. 14, lines 49-58)

wherein the medical data stored in the database of said medical facility can be stored in a portable health data system (col. 14, lines 49-58).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claim 2 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joao in view of Bosco et al., Pat. No. 5,191,522 (hereinafter Bosco).

As to claim 2., Joao does not explicitly disclose A medical insurance system according to claim 1, wherein a percentage of exclusions is established against said disclosed preexisting conditions of the individual according to details of the preexisting conditions.

However, Bosco discloses wherein a percentage of exclusions is established against said disclosed preexisting conditions of the individual according to details of the preexisting condition (col. 11, lines 42-59). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of Applicant's invention to include the aforementioned limitation as disclosed by Bosco within Joao for the motivation of providing integrated underwriting tools thereby improving operations (col. 2, lines 5-25).

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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a. Pat No. 6,208,973 discloses a third party adjudicated payment system at the point of service.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Kalinowski, whose telephone number is (703) 305-2398. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 9:00 AM to 6:30 PM. In addition, the examiner can be reached on alternate Fridays.

If any attempt to reached the examiner by telephone is unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Thomas, can be reached on (703) 305-9588. The fax telephone number for this group is (703) 305-7687 (for official communications including. After Final communications labeled "Box AF").

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive, Arlington, VA, 7th Floor, receptionist.

Alexander Kalinowski

Primary Examiner

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9/30/2004